Listening and Note Taking – Cornell System

What are the benefits of notetaking?

What preparation should be make for note taking?

How should notes be taken?

What are some signal words that indicate the speaker is presenting a main idea?

Reasons for taking notes

- > Forces concentration and attention
- > Get info not available in text
- > Info for review

Preparation

- ➤ Have loose-leaf notebook paper
- ➤ Increase margin to 2 ½ in.
- > Review notes of previous lecture
- > Preview text

Taking notes

- ➤ Write on 1 side only
- > Put main ideas against the margin
 - ♦ Clues to main ideas
 - * Speaker pauses before main ideas
 - * Repetition
 - * Speaker's volume increases
 - * Signal words such as:
 - It is important to consider...
 - The 6 main points are...
 - The outstanding characteristics are...
 - The steps are...
 - The major causes were...
 - As a result...
 - The basic concept is...
 - Remember that...
 - My point is...
- > Use modified outline
- ➤ Skip lines go to the margin for important ideas
- ➤ Indent subordinate points
- ➤ One idea per line
- ➤ Use abbreviations
- ➤ Write legibly
- ➤ Number points if it helps
- Record info instructor writes on the board

What should be done to edit lecture notes?

How should the notes be used?

Edit notes ASAP

- ➤ Add missing info
 - ♦ Check text
 - ♦ Ask classmate
 - ♦ Ask instructor
- > Correct as necessary
- Use brackets to connect as necessary
- ➤ Place emphasis marks
 - ◆ Highlight, underline, or star important ideas
 - ♦ Main ideas **must** stand out
- ➤ Do not recopy
- ➤ Write questions in left column
 - ◆ Summarize information in the questions
 - ◆ This facilitates review, organizes, and aids in memory

Use notes for review

- ➤ Remove pages from notebook
- > Spread pages out on a table
- ➤ Cover notes to expose only the left column with the questions
- ➤ Use questions to self-test
- > Review often